

**Inpatient Antepartum, Labor and Delivery Guidelines**  
**COVID 19 (PUI or CONFIRMED)**  
**Labor management**

- **Patient attire/location**
  - Patient to be met by RNs in PPE in Adult Lobby and pt & support will be masked
  - Patient to wear clean patient gown and surgical mask (during entire labor)
  - Restricted to the room at all times
  - Can use telemonitors and tub PRN
  - Isolated room (not necessarily neg pressure room) with appropriate Respiratory Illness Precautions sign
- **Support/caregiver**
  - Encouraged to wear protective gear (CONTACT & DROPLET) at all times
  - Restricted to patient's room, not to enter common spaces including cafeteria
  - Uses patient bathroom
  - Must be asymptomatic and a single person for entire stay
  - Handwashing often
  - If develops respiratory symptoms (cough, fevers, etc) must leave immediately
  - Can order a guest tray as a special diet request from Dietary
- **Anesthesia Considerations and Oxygen use**
  - **Strongly** encourage epidural use to avoid intubation in case emergency CS required
  - No nitrous oxide or remifentanil PCA
  - Only nasal cannula use for maternal hypoxia (Oxygen is **NO LONGER** used for intrauterine resuscitation)
- **Labor Room Materials**
  - Ensure labor management supply box is in the room with limited materials (Labeled **Covid+/PUI Supply Box**)
  - Box includes everything from usual supply cart in labor room including vacuums
  - Ensure FSE and IUPC cords are in the room
  - If ultrasound used, needs to be sterilized per protocol
- **Monitoring**
  - VS and continuous pulse oximetry, individualized per orders
  - Strict I/Os
- **Safety huddles with team**
  - Team check in q2hrs: (may not require in-person physical exam each time)
  - Team to include: Bedside nurse, MFM attg, MD attg, Charge nurse, OB anesthesia, ICU PRN
  - Attention to Maternal Early Warning Criteria for sepsis
  - Review patient's clinical status, early intervention, low threshold for cesarean
- **Delivery Personnel**
  - Recommend MD attending only with Chief resident PRN
  - Bedside nurse & LDR Resource nurse
  - Pediatrics team (essential members only)
- **Delivery Team Donning and Doffing**
  - Delivery team (MDs & nurses) to wear NOVEL RESPIRATORY PPE (including N-95 & face shield) during 2<sup>nd</sup> stage. Don sterile delivery gloves OVER non-sterile blue gloves
  - Hand hygiene, doffing of gown/gloves in pt rm (below the neck) and the doffing of masks and eyewear (above the neck) outside pt room, hand hygiene again
- **Delivery Positioning and Specifics**
  - Recommend pt in stirrups to have control of delivery and avoid sitting on bed to avoid/reduce risk of fluid exposure.
  - Skin-to-skin and delayed cord clamping to be discussed on case-to-case basis with ICN depending on plans for co-localization vs 14-day separation
- **Pediatrics Team**
  - Limited personnel/essential members only
  - All must be in PPE including provider to receive baby (will wear N-95 and face shields due to potential need for neonatal intubation)
  - If resuscitation is required, stays in LDR, then transfers baby in isolette if ICN
- **Post-delivery Management**
  - Debrief to be completed by MD attg with bedside RN – dispo to stay in LDR vs ICU
  - LDR to be CLOSED until appropriate high cleaning completed (up to 2 hours)
  - Prior to transfer: aim to clear hallways, minimize contact between patient and other staff/ surfaces.
  - Pt to wear surgical mask and covered from neck down in clean sheet for transport to PP; return wheelchair/gurney to dirty LDR

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Antepartum

- **Notify OB Anesthesia & ICN if patient develops respiratory symptoms or is admitted as PUI/COVID+**
  - MFM attg and ICN attending to discuss where delivery to take place if needed (minimize contamination of multiple spaces and PPE used)
- **Patient attire/location**
  - Patient to wear clean gown and surgical mask
  - Restricted to room at all times (not to use shared spaces)
  - Isolated room
- **Support/caregiver**
  - Recommend protective gear (CONTACT & DROPLET) at all times
  - Restricted to patient's room, not to enter common spaces including cafeteria
  - Uses patient bathroom
  - Single person for entire stay
  - Handwashing often
  - If develops respiratory symptoms (cough, fevers, etc) must leave immediately
- **Additional materials**
  - If ultrasound used, needs to be sterilized, so limit to only necessary use that will directly change patient management
  - Use PDC (see algorithm) for US cleaning
  - Use only disposable stethoscopes
  - Discuss opening OR3 surgical set on case-by-case basis
- **Rounding/Direct Patient Care**
  - MFM Attending only. Other team members can use tele-health or phone
  - Limit additional physical exams to one provider if possible when indicated
- **Safety huddles with team**
  - Team check in q2hrs, continuous pulse ox, strict I/Os (may not require in-person physical exam each time)
  - Attention to Maternal Early Warning Criteria for sepsis
  - Includes bedside nurse, MFM attg, MD attg, Charge nurse, OB anesthesia, ICU PRN
  - Review patient's clinical status, early intervention, low threshold for cesarean
- **Equipment**
  - Small amount of gloves, gel, FSE, amniohook in room
  - Collected in clear plastic box (Antepartum Med room)
- **Transport of patient**
  - Complete imaging studies in pt room as much as possible to avoid transport
  - If pt needs to be transported, must wear surgical mask and new gown. Drape clean sheet over patient
  - Minimize transport team. Transporter must wear CONTACT & DROPLET PPE during transport.
  - Don and doff per transport protocols (whenever going into and out of rooms/clinical spaces)
- **If antepartum patient goes into labor or is induced, will stay in room, will NOT move to labor room**
- **Medication considerations:**
  - **Betamethasone** per protocol in pt <34 weeks if respiratory symptoms are mild/moderate. For pts with severe symptoms, pts who have already had a course and pts >34 weeks, discuss with MFM
  - **Magnesium sulfate** use should be discussed with MFM depending on the clinical situation and risk of further respiratory compromise

Inpatient Antepartum, Labor and Delivery Guidelines  
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PLANNED/URGENT/EMERGENCY Cesarean Section Overview Guidelines

- **Decision making**
  - Make early decisions in controlled environment as much as possible (ie. Early diagnosis of arrest of descent, fetal intolerance)
  - Minimize need for emergency delivery
  - Maximize time we have to use approved PRECAUTIONS to minimize exposure to personnel
- **Pre-operative anesthesia**
  - Patient should be encouraged to have an early epidural as to decrease risk of needing emergency intubation
  - Plan CSE for non-urgent cesarean
- **Caregiver**
  - Only present in OR if urgent c-section (NOT if emergency c-section)
  - Wears PPE the entire time (CONTACT & DROPLET)
  - HUSC will **aCommunication with unit**
  - ctivate **COVID batch page "91119"**
  - Charge nurse will utilize HUSC to advise people to CLEAR THE HALLWAY
  - Only essential team member involvement
  - Observer/Recorder to monitor personnel (donning and doffing of PPE)
  - OR RN Resource communicates when additional personnel needed in OR via PHONE to designated OUT OF OR person (ie if blood is needed, additional supplies)
  - Clear communication with PCA and Anesthesia tech (outside of OR)
- **Provider PPE use**
  - IF in OR during surgery, needs to be Novel Respiratory (N-95)
  - Outside of patient room (droplet/contact)
  - Outside of ORs in sterile core (droplet/contact)
- **Surgical personnel**
  - See separate personnel log and document
- **Newborn management**
  - OB team to hand off baby to Peds receiving person with appropriate delayed cord clamping
  - Baby will be resuscitated in the room per usual workflow
  - No skin-to-skin
- **Donning and Doffing of PPE by surgical personnel**
  - Occurs OUTSIDE of OR with separate trash bin (sterile core)
  - Should don NEW PPE prior to transporting patient
- **Surgical Timeouts**
  - Should be performed by MD OB attg to determine urgency of case
  - Post-op Debrief should include ICU attending, MFM attending (phone)
- **Patient recovery**
  - Recovery in her intrapartum LDR isolation room vs ICU per anesthesia and OB team determined after surgery
  - Portable monitor set up in isolation LDR.
- **OR clean up**
  - HUSC/Charge RN communicates with housekeeping staff of COVID positive OR status
  - High risk clean up (up to two hours)

Inpatient Antepartum, Labor and Delivery Guidelines  
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Postpartum/Discharge

- **Notify OB Anesthesia & ICN if patient develops respiratory symptoms or is admitted as PUI/COVID+**
  - Add patient to the Complicated postpartum list
- **Post-delivery Management**
  - Debrief to be completed by MD attg with bedside RN – dispo to stay in LDR vs ICU
  - LDR to be CLOSED until appropriate high cleaning completed (up to 2 hours)
  - Prior to transfer: aim to clear hallways, minimize contact between patient and other staff/ surfaces
  - Pt to wear surgical mask and covered from neck down in clean sheet for transport to PP; return wheelchair/gurney to dirty LDR
- **Try to discharge stable PUI patients home with neonate ASAP**
  - Add pt's MRN to COVID follow up list
- **Patient attire/location**
  - Patient to wear clean gown and surgical mask
  - Restricted to patient room (not to enter shared common spaces)
  - Isolated room
- **Support/caregiver**
  - Recommend protective gear (CONTACT & DROPLET) at all times
  - Restricted to patient's room, not to enter common spaces including cafeteria
  - Uses patient bathroom
  - Single person for entire stay
  - Handwashing often
  - If develops infectious symptoms (cough, fevers, etc) must leave immediately
- **Additional materials**
  - Use only disposable stethoscopes
- **Safety huddles with team**
  - Team check in q2hrs, continuous pulse ox, strict I/Os (may not require in-person physical exam each time)
  - Attention to Maternal Early Warning Criteria for sepsis
  - Includes bedside nurse, MFM attg, MD attg, Charge nurse, OB anesthesia, ICU PRN
- **Rounding/Direct Patient Care**
  - OB attending only
  - Other team members can use tele-health or phone
- **Equipment**
  - Small amount of materials in the room
- **Transport of patient**
  - Complete imaging studies in pt room as much as possible to avoid transport
  - If pt needs to be transported, must wear surgical mask and new gown. Drape new sheet over patient
  - Minimize personnel in transport team. Transporter must wear contact & droplet PPE during transport.
  - Don and doff per transport protocols (whenever going into and out of rooms/clinical spaces)
- **Breastfeeding considerations**
  - Good hand hygiene and wear mask while feeding baby
  - Recommend to express and pump breast milk for infant if separated
  - Follow CDC guidelines for proper breast pumping hygiene
- **If patient requires prolonged hospital stay, consider transfer to Parnassus to be managed by COVID medicine services**

**Inpatient Antepartum, Labor and Delivery Guidelines**  
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**Safety huddle protocols and guidance**

- **Complete safety huddles every 2 hours for ALL PUI/COVID + patients on the unit**
  - Assess labor process, fetal status, maternal status
  - Triage, intrapartum, antepartum, postpartum
  - Direct physical exam MAY NOT be indicated each huddle
- **Safety huddle personnel (outside patient room)**
  - Charge Nurse
  - Bedside nurse (1:1)
  - OB/MFM attending
  - OB anesthesia
  - Chief resident
  - ICU attending PRN
- **Monitoring for patients**
  - Continuous pulse oximetry
  - Strict I/Os
  - Attention to respiratory rate
  - LIMIT Physical exams to ONLY if there are vital sign abnormalities or change in clinical status

**Questions to consider for Huddle:**

- Maternal hemodynamic status (see below from the National Partnership for Maternal Safety)
  - Is the patient on oxygen support/tachypnea/decreased urine output/hypotension? → if YES, prompt evaluation of maternal status and reconsider proceeding with labor if remote from delivery
  - Discussion about indications for further testing → repeat CXR, CT, Labs
- Fetal Monitoring Category I? → YES/NO → if NO, low threshold to assess status and consider a controlled Cesarean section
- Assessment of labor progress → if in the active phase (greater than 6 cm) with no cervical change over 2 hours → consider interventions versus Cesarean delivery

***Maternal Early Warning Criteria From the National Partnership for Maternal Safety***

- Systolic BP (mm Hg) <90 or >160
- Diastolic BP (mm Hg) >100
- Heart rate (beats per min) <50 or >120
- Respiratory rate (breaths per min) <10 or >30
- Oxygen saturation on room air, at sea level, % <95
- Oliguria, mL/hr for ≥ 2 hrs <35
- Maternal agitation, confusion, or unresponsiveness; Patient with preeclampsia reporting a non-remitting headache or shortness of breath

## Inpatient Antepartum, Labor and Delivery Guidelines

### Changes in L&D management of the Asymptomatic patient

- **Induction considerations**
  - Strongly recommend outpatient ripening for medical inductions
  - Outpatient cervical ripening mandatory for elective inductions
- **Patient attire/location**
  - Recommend for patient to wear clean gown and surgical mask during entire hospital stay.
  - Recommend surgical mask particularly during the 2<sup>nd</sup> stage
  - Limiting time outside of labor/antepartum rooms
- **Support/caregiver:**
  - Single person for entire stay
  - Encouraged to wear facemask
  - Limit time in common areas including hallways
  - Handwashing often
  - If develops infectious symptoms (cough, fevers, etc) MUST leave immediately
- **Labor management considerations**
  - NO nitrous oxide
  - Only nasal cannula use for maternal hypoxia (NOT used for intrauterine resuscitation)
- **Strong recommendation for early PP discharge if mom and baby are stable (see list for contraindications).**
  - Remember that if mom is readmitted, baby will NOT be able to visit
- **Provider PPE considerations**
  - Providers to wear surgical masks at all times with appropriate reuse criteria (see guidelines)
  - Wear eye shield or goggles along with normal delivery attire
  - Limit number of providers in the room for deliveries to conserve PPE
- **Considerations if asymptomatic patient undergoing a C-section**
  - If the patient has higher than average risk of requiring intubation, ALL surgical team members need to wear NOVEL RESPIRATORY PPE in the OR
    - N-95 or PAPR
    - Gown
    - Gloves
    - Eye protection
- **Cases at High Risk for requiring general anesthesia:**
  - Epidural in situ > 12 hours
  - pain during labor requiring > or equal to 2 additional anesthesia administered boluses
  - non-CSE/DPE epidural catheters
  - concerns for morbidly adherent placenta
  - BMI > 40
  - emergent surgery

**Inpatient Antepartum, Labor and Delivery, Postpartum Guidelines**  
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**HANDLING OF SPECIMENS FOR LAB AND PATHOLOGY**

**CONTACTING PATHOLOGY**

- Normal Business hours M-F 7am-6pm
  - Contact the Mission Bay Gross Room: 514-3711
  - Provide patient's name and Medical Record Number (MRN)
  - Notify verbally of COVID status when to expect specimen to be brought to Gross Room (M2379)
- After-Hours (Weekends)
  - Please contact on-call resident pager: 443-1166
  - Provide the patient's name and MRN
  - Notify verbally of suspected or confirmed COVID status and that specimen will be placed in Pathology pass-through refrigerator.
- Labeling of Requisition and Specimen Container
  - Both Requisition and Specimen container should be labeled with a SHARPIE with big letters:
    - Suspected COVID-19 or
    - Confirmed COVID-19
- Transporting of Specimen
  - DO NOT PLACE IN TUG
  - Specimens must be walked down to pathology gross room
  - During Normal Business hours – hand deliver to pathology gross room (M2379 – 2<sup>nd</sup> floor of Gateway Medical Building, next to lab/bloodbank)
  - After-hours – hand deliver to pathology gross room pass-through refrigerator (M2379, badge access to the door that leads to refrigerator)

**Labs (including cord gases)**

- Ensure proper labeling of specimen (specimen label matches lab requisition, double RN check)
- Place contaminated lab biohazard bag with specimen in a new clean lab biohazard bag (double bag)
- Lab requisition to be placed in the outside pocket of lab bag
- These CAN be sent via pneumatic tube (ensure specimens are tightly sealed)
- Labeling of PUI or COVID + on specimen or requisition is not necessary